







Cancers de l'ovaire : est-il temps d'intégrer KELIM dans nos algorithmes ?

Lyon University Hospital, France Université Claude Bernard Lyon 1, CICLY GINECO

JDD Nov 2023 9/2023 PM-FI-NRP-PPTX-230002



Links of interest







- Boards: MSD, Astra-Zeneca, GSK-TESARO, BAYER, Roche-Genentech,
 ECS Progastrine, Novartis, LEK, Amgen, Clovis Oncology, Merck Serono,
 BMS, SEAGEN, Myriad, Eisai
- Invitations congress: Roche-Genentech, Astra Zeneca, BMS, MSD
 Oncology, Bayer, Boehringer Ingelheim
- Symposium: MSD, Astra-Zeneca, GSK-TESARO, BAYER, ECS Progastrine, Roche-Genentech, Novartis, LEK, Amgen, Clovis Oncology, Boehringer Ingelheim

JDD Nov 2023 2/49



Rationale and context: 1st line setting







The management relies on a medical & surgical treatment

Systemic chemotherapy



Platinum-based
chemotherapy
Carboplatine-paclitaxel every
3 weeks for 6 to 9 cycles

Surgical treatment



Cytoreductive debulking surgery



Must be COMPLETE without any visible residual lesion, to be associated with survival benefit

Maintenance treatment



PARP inhibitor* and/or bevacizumab for ~ 2-3 years

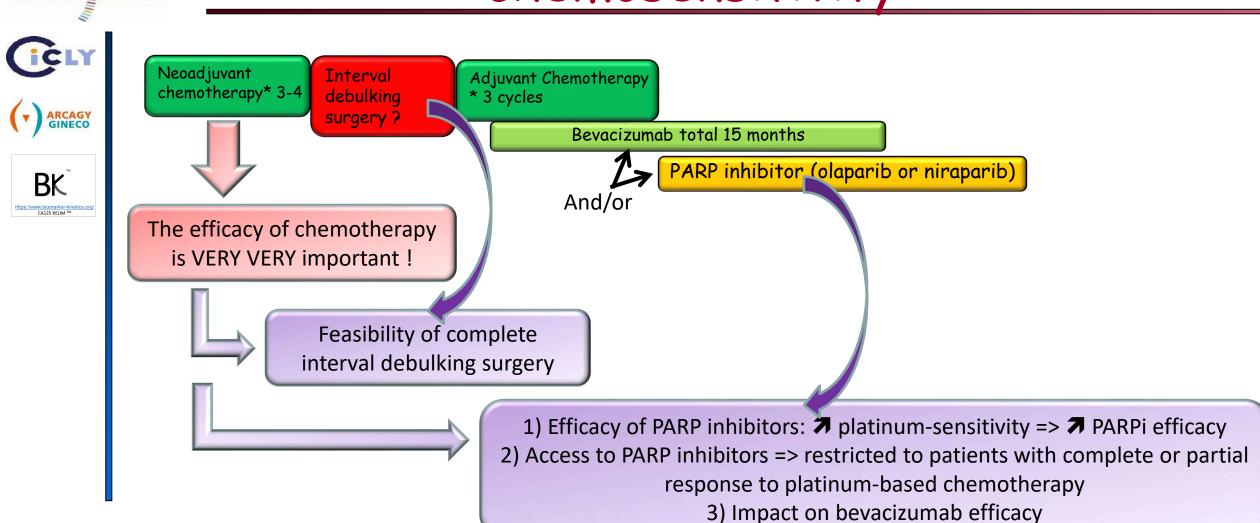
Colombo N, et al. ESMO-ESGO consensus conference recommendations on ovarian cand recurrent disease. Int J Gynecol Cancer. 2019.

. borderline tumours

* Niraparib or olaparib



About the role of the tumor primary chemosensitivity









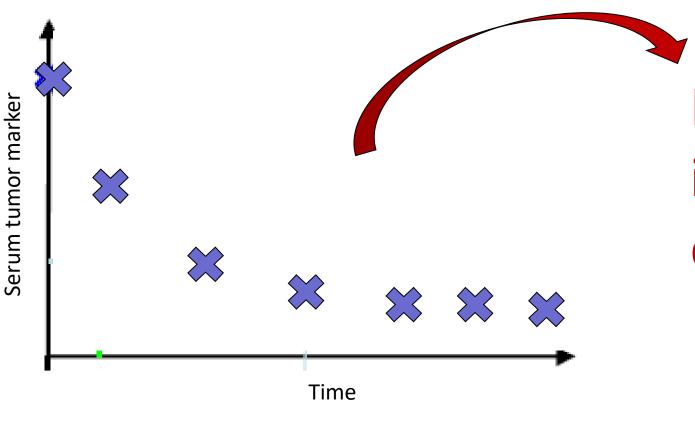




What is KELIMTM?



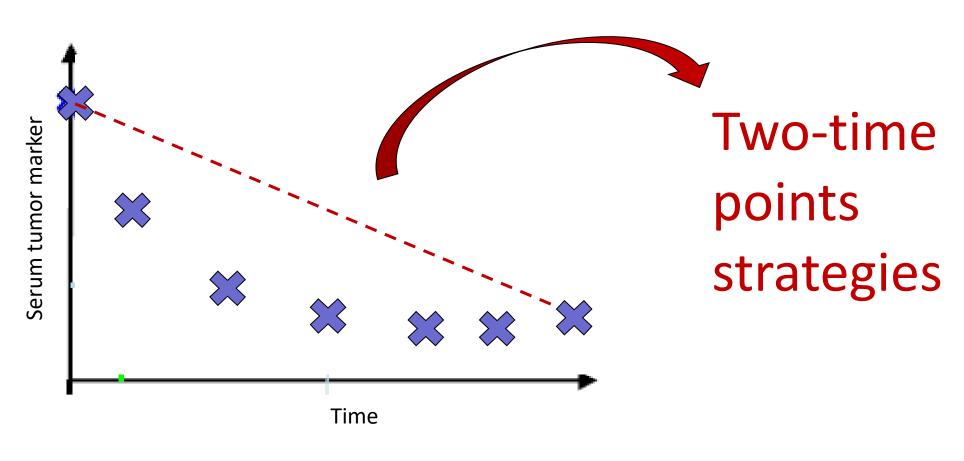




How to interpret this decline?

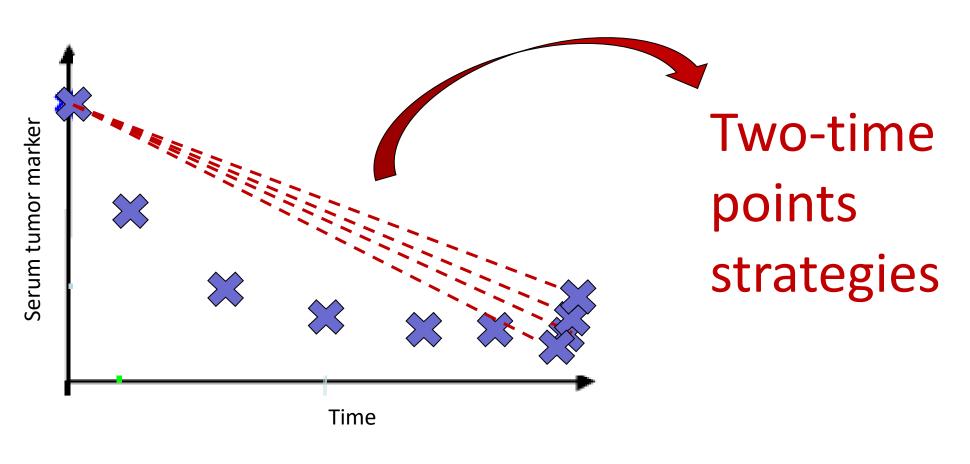






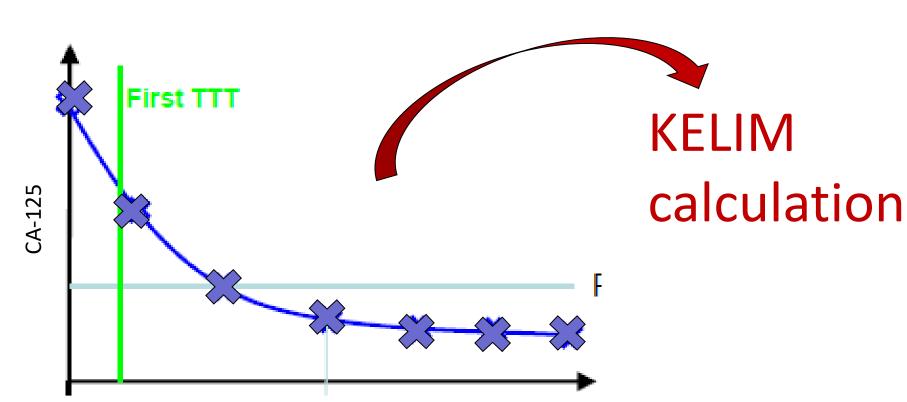












temps

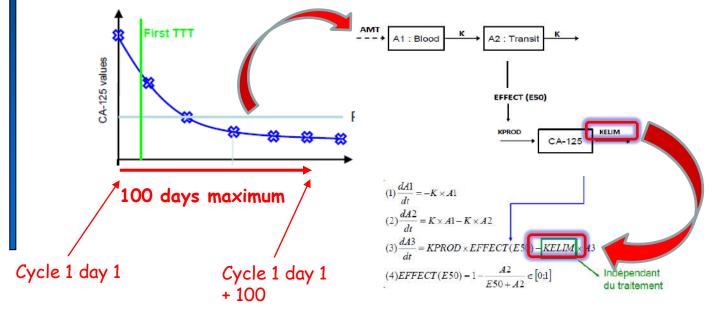


What is KELIMTM?



KELIMTM = CA-125 elimination rate constant within the first 100 days (or less) of chemotherapy (neo-adjuvant or adjuvant chemotherapy)

Calculated with a mathematical model



A kind of « CA-125 clearance » ...

related to chemotherapy efficacy ...

You et al. Cancer Treat Rev . 2021 Lauby et al. Cancers 2021



What is KELIMTM?

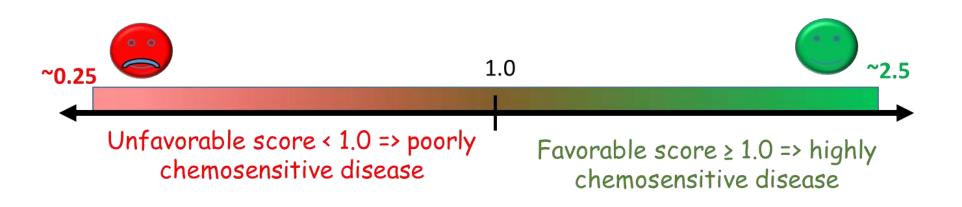






 $KELIM^{TM} = CA-125$ elimination rate constant during the first 100 days of chemotherapy (neo-adjuvant or adjuvant chemotherapy)

Standardized KELIMTM = Continuous data centered by « 1.0 »









Trust trace rest (1) (1) (2) (2) (2) (3) (4) (4)

What information does KELIM provide?

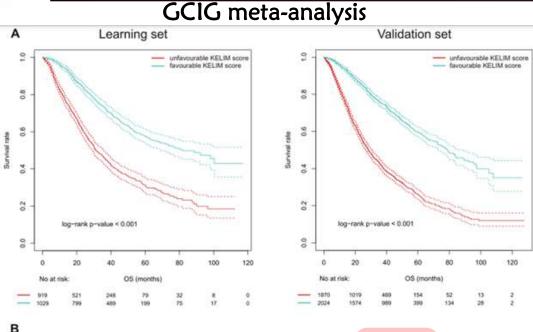
Data of > 15,000 patients enrolled in the major international trials (AGO OVAR 7, AGO OVAR 9, ICON-7, ICON-8, GOG-0218....) and national registries (ESME, IKNL, ...)

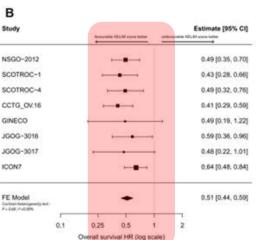


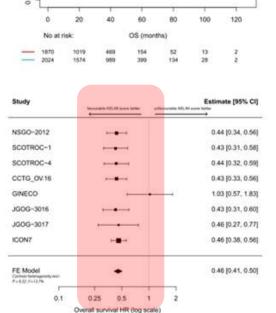












- A favorable KELIM score > 1.0 is always associated with:
- A better PFS: HR ~ 0.5 (median, 30 vs 10 months)
- A better OS: HR ~ 0.5 (median, 80 vs 30 months)

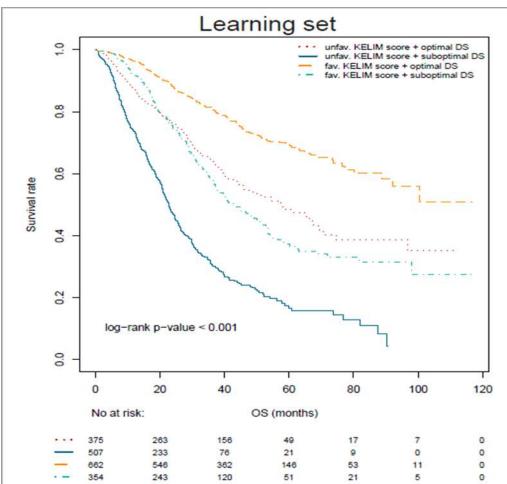
Corbaux et al. Eur J Cancer. 2023 Jul 4:191:112966.

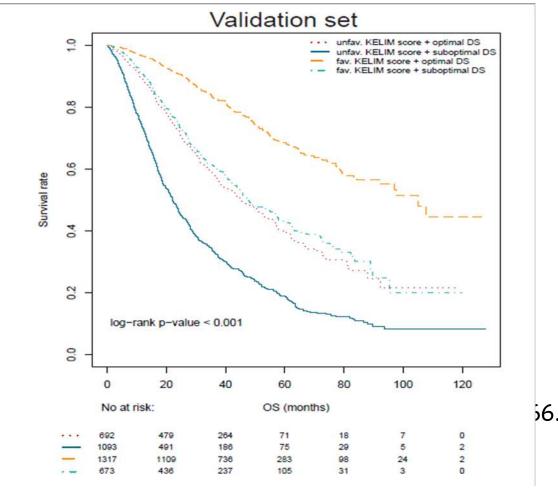




GCIG meta-analysis







Corbaux et al. Eur J Cancer. 2023 Jul 4;191:112966.

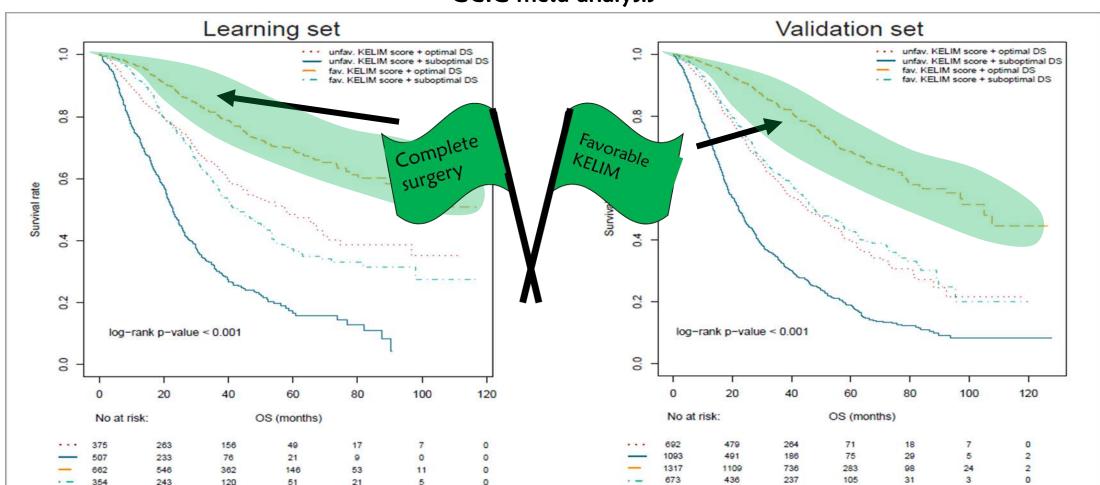




ICLY

BK

GCIG meta-analysis



Corbaux et al. Eur J Cancer. 2023 Jul 4;191:112966.

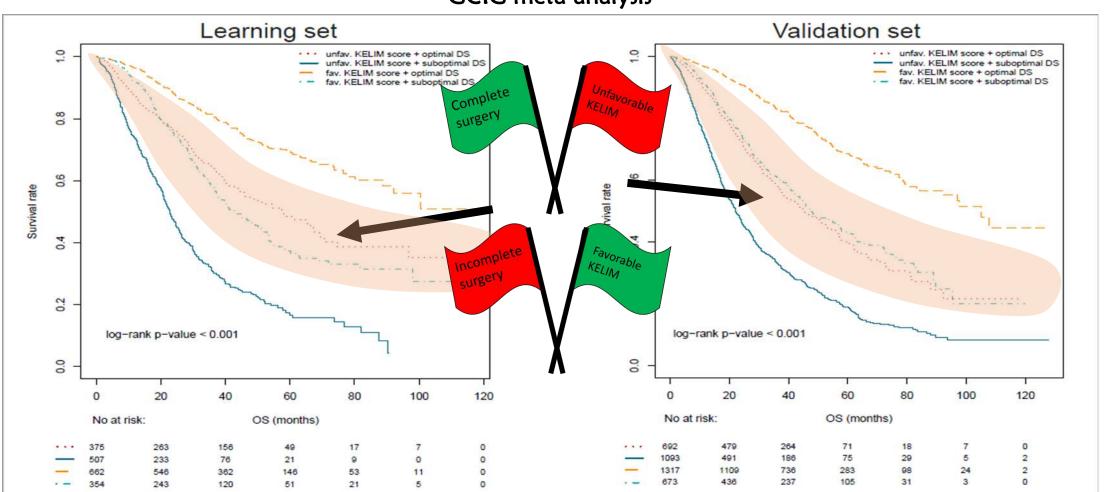




ICLY

BK

GCIG meta-analysis



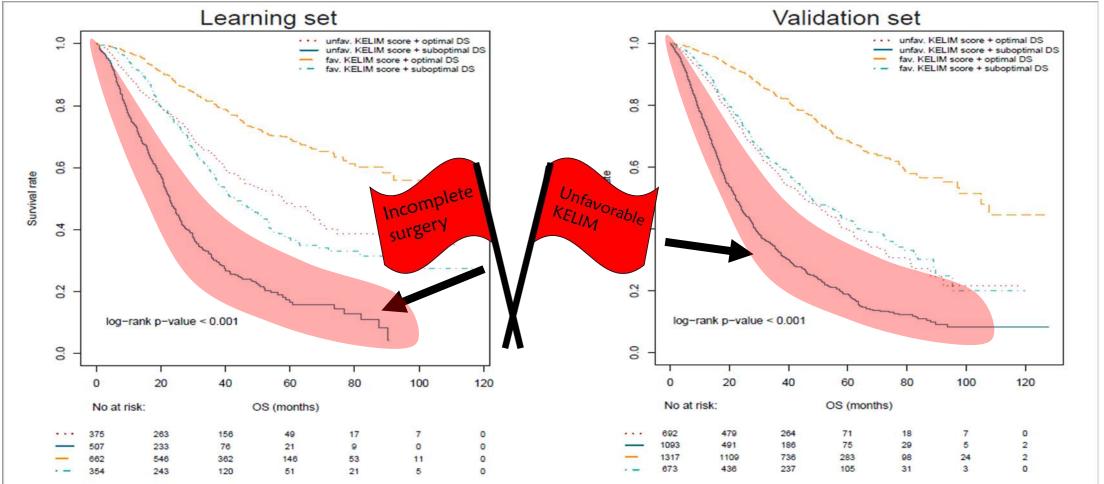
Corbaux et al. Eur J Cancer. 2023 Jul 4;191:112966.





GCIG meta-analysis

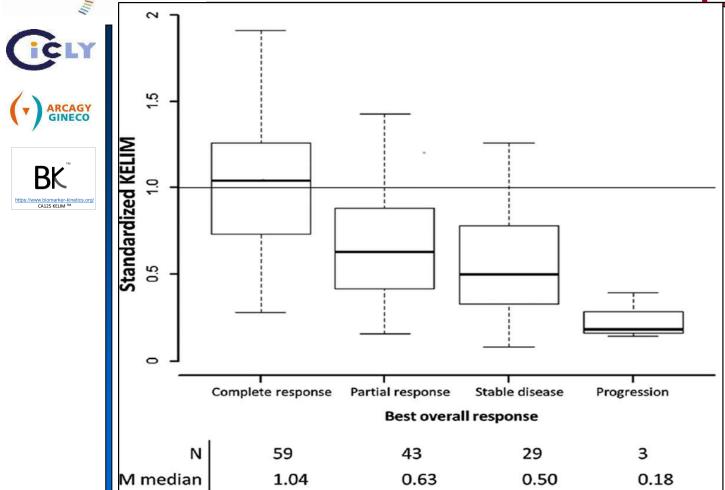






UNIVERSITE DE LYON

A strong indicator of the neo-adjuvant chemotherapy efficacy

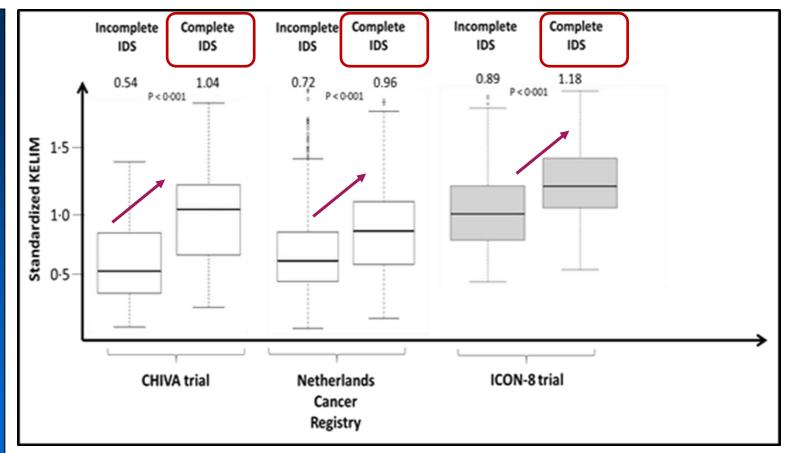


KELIM is strongly related to the radiological response



A strong indicator of the neo-adjuvant chemotherapy efficacy





KELIM is strongly related to the probability of complete IDS

CHIVA. You et al. Clin Cancer Res 2019

Registre IKNL Van Wagensveld et al. Proc ESMO 2020 ICON-8. Colomban et al JCO CCI 2023



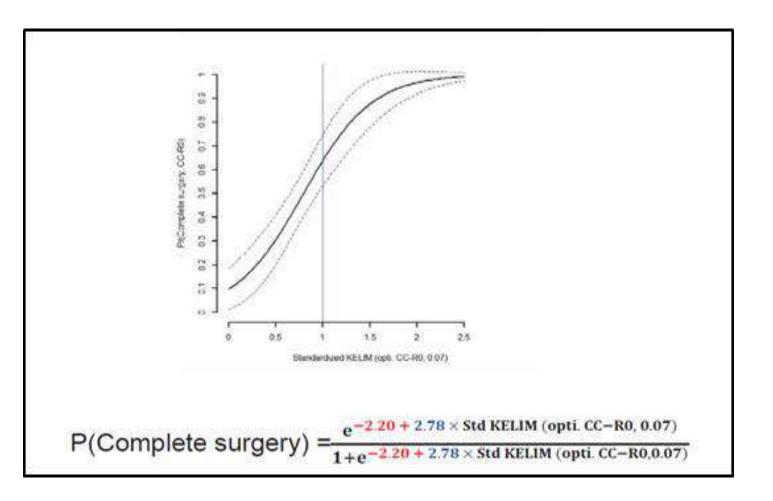
A strong indicator of the neo-adjuvant chemotherapy efficacy









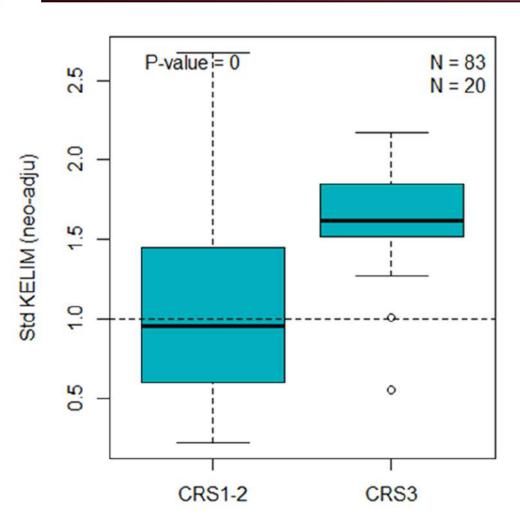


Probability of obtaining a complete interval debulking surgery according to KELIM during neo-adjuvant chemotherapy

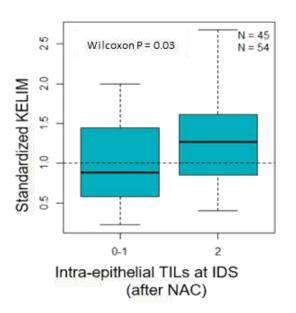


A strong indicator of the neo-adjuvant chemotherapy efficacy





KELIM is strongly related to the pathological chemotherapy response score (CRS) at IDS



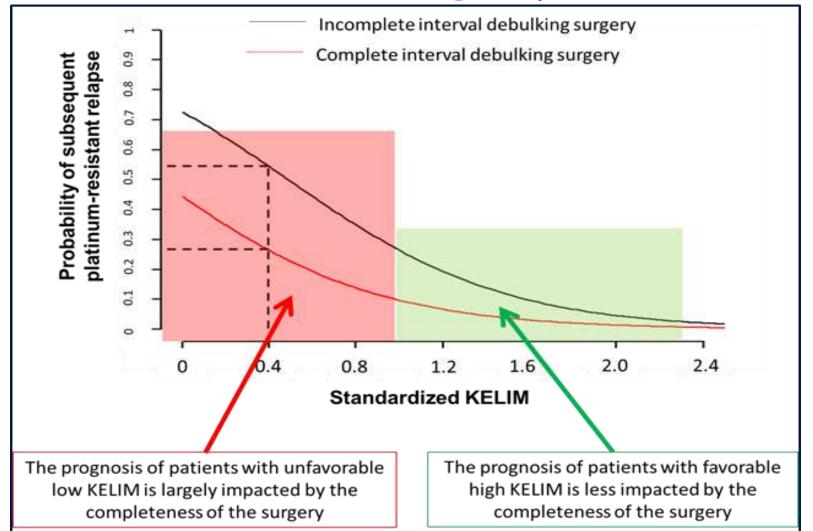
Just et al Proc ESGO 2021, Proc ESMO 2023



Risk of early relapse according to KELIM and surgery outcome







Consistent data with a study about TILs:

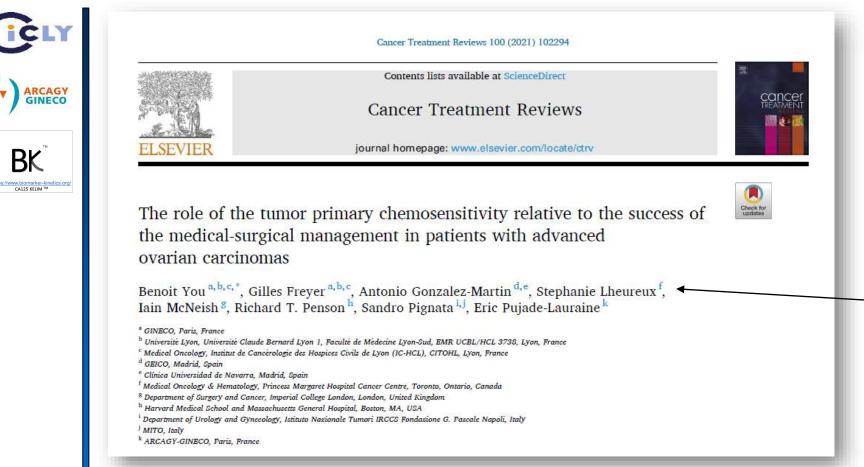
Maximum benefit from optimal vs non-optimal debulking surgery in patients with low TILs (five-year OS rates, 41.2% and 25.1%, P = 0.002),

(Adams, et al Cancer 2009)

CHIVA. You et al. Clin Cancer Res 2019



KELIM induces a change of paradigm in the management of OC in first-line ...



<u>Experts representative of large</u> <u>international groups</u>: France, Spain, Canada, UK, USA, Italy

Conclusion: Yes, the impact of the chemotherapy efficacy is major and the success of the 1st-line treatment cannot be explained by surgery outcome only

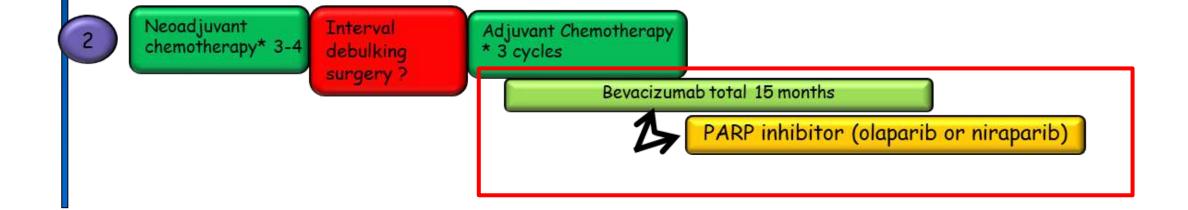








How KELIM could help for selecting the maintenance treatment?











KELIM and Bevacizumab

ICON-7 and GOG-0218 trials

Identification of Patients With Ovarian
Cancer Experiencing the Highest Benefit From
Bevacizumab in the First-Line Setting on the
Basis of Their Tumor-Intrinsic Chemosensitivity
(KELIM): The GOG-0218 Validation Study

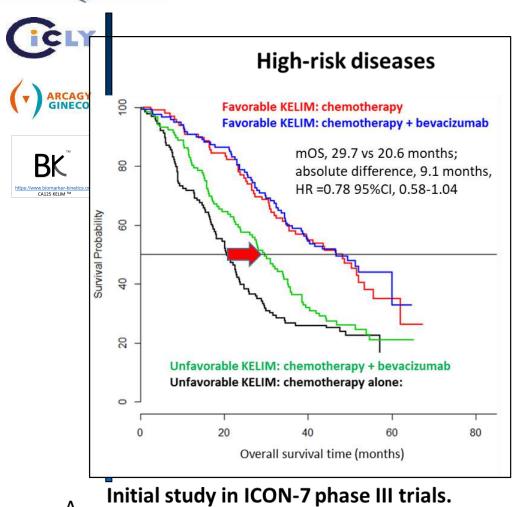
Benoit You, MD, PhD^{1,2}; Christopher Purdy, MA³; Larry J. Copeland, MD⁴; Elizabeth M. Swisher, MD⁵; Michael A. Bookman, MD⁶; Gini Fleming, MD⁷; Robert Coleman, MD⁸; Lestie M. Randall, MD⁹; Krishnansu S. Tewari, MD¹⁰; Bradley J. Monk, MD¹¹; Robert S. Mannel, MD¹²; Joan L. Walker, MD¹²; Fabio Cappuccini, MD¹⁰; David Cohn, MD⁴; Mahvish Muzaffar, MD¹³; David Mutch, MD¹⁴; Andrea Wahner-Hendrickson, MD¹⁵; Lainie Martin, MD^{16,17}; Olivier Colomban, MSc^{1,2}; and Robert A. Burger, MD^{16,17}

Journal of Clinical Oncology® An American Society of Clinical Oncology Journal

You et al JCO 2022



KELIM and bevacizumab: maximum benefit from bevacizumab if KELIM score < 1.0 in high-risk disease



KEL Unfav (Arm 1) 29.1 0.023 KEL Unfav (Arm 3) 35.1 0.79 (0.65, 0.97) 0.8 KEL Fav (Arm 1) 49.4 0.748 REF KEL Fav (Arm 3) 1.05 (0.79, 1.39) Total N = 711 0.6 0.4 0.2 30 60 120 150 OS Time (months) KEL Unfav (Arm 3) ----- KEL Fav (Arm 1) ----- KEL Fav (Arm 3) KEL Unfav (Arm 1 KEL Unfav (Arm 1) KEL Unfav (Arm 3) KEL Fav (Arm 1) 122 KEL Fav (Arm 3)

High-risk diseases

Median

Log-rank

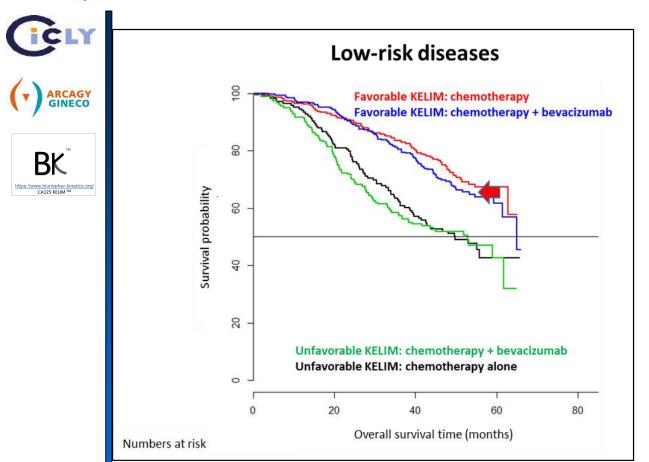
+ Censored

HR (CI)

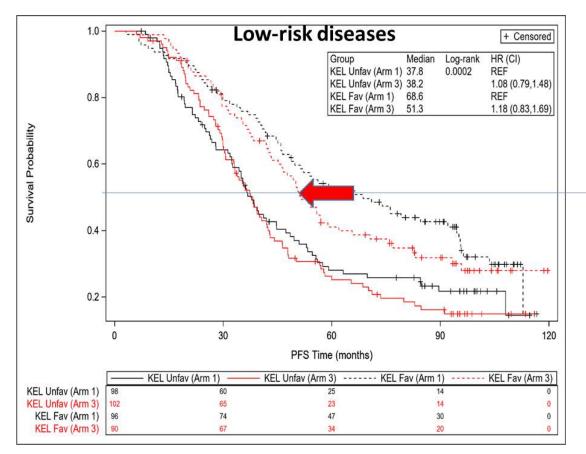
External validation study in GOG-0218 phase III trials.
You et al J Clin Oncol 2022
You et al JCO 2022



KELIM and bevacizumab: maximum benefit from bevacizumab if KELIM score < 1.0 in high-risk disease







External validation study in GOG-0218 phase III trials. Present study submitted to J Clin Oncol

You et al JCO 2022











KELIM and PARP inhibitor

CA-125 KELIM as a Potential Complementary Tool for Predicting Veliparib Benefit: An Exploratory Analysis From the VELIA/GOG-3005 Study

Benoit You, MD, PhD^{1,2}; Vasudha Sehgal, PhD³; Balakrishna Hosmane, PhD³; Xin Huang, PhD³; Peter J. Ansell, PhD³; Minh H. Dinh, MD³; Katherine Bell-McGuinn, MD, PhD³; Xizhi Luo, PhD³; Gini F. Fleming, MD⁴; Michael Friedlander, PhD⁵; Michael A. Bookman, MD⁶; Kathleen N. Moore, MD⁷; Karina D. Steffensen, MD, PhD⁶; Robert L. Coleman, MD⁸; and Elizabeth M. Swisher, MD¹⁰

Journal of Clinical Oncology® An American Society of Clinical Oncology Journal

JDD Nov 2023 You et al JCO 2023



KELIM in VELIA trial

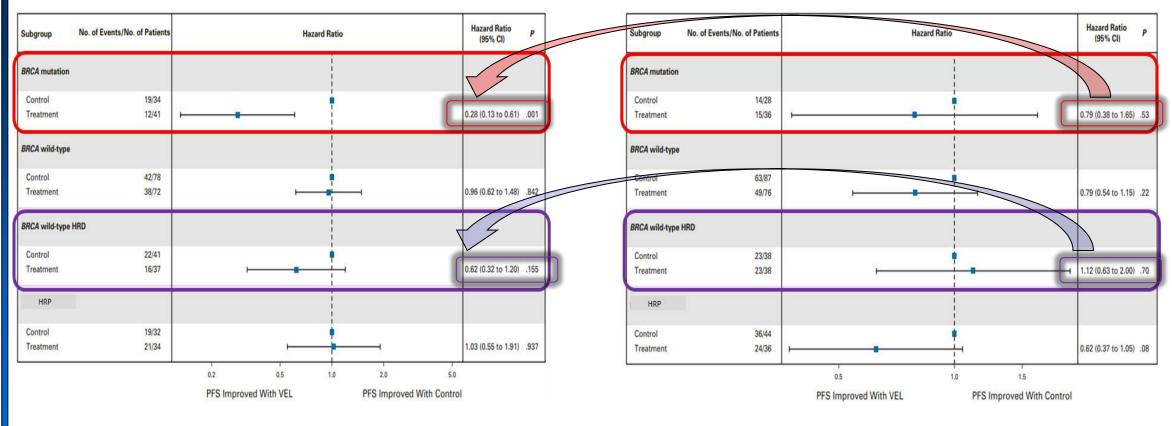








KELIM favorable KELIM défavorable

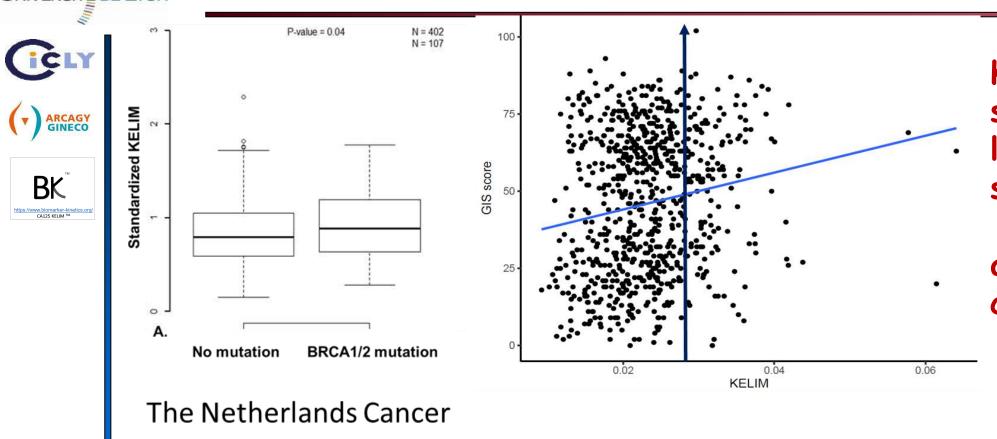


74% of patients with <u>BRCA mutation and unfavorable KELIM</u> treated with veliparib had short PFS < 18 months.

You et al JCO 2023



KELIM and BRCA/HRD status



KELIM and HRD status are slightly linked but not superimposable ...

and probably complementary ...

Registry

VELIA trial











In summary ...

JDD Nov 2023



Could KELIM help identify the best maintenance treatment?





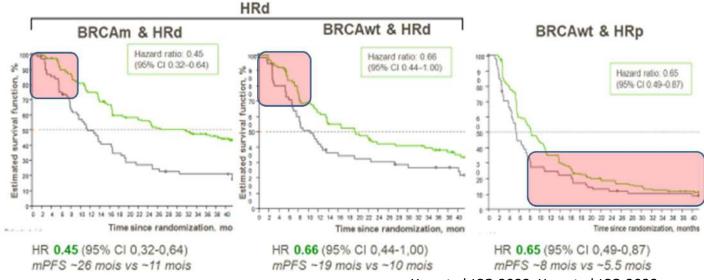


 Bevacizumab is encouraged in patients with high-risk disease & unfavorable KELIM score < 1.0 (benefit in OS)

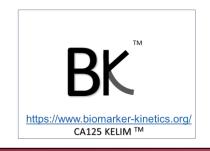
PARP inhibitor likely to be more active for patients with favorable KELIM score ≥ 1.0

♥Would an unfavorable KELIM score < 1.0 be an indicator of poor

efficacy of PARP inhibitor?









What about use of KELIM in the real-life routine?

Cited in ESMO-ESGO guidelines 2022 and French RPC St Paul 2023 guidelines





Italian guidelines







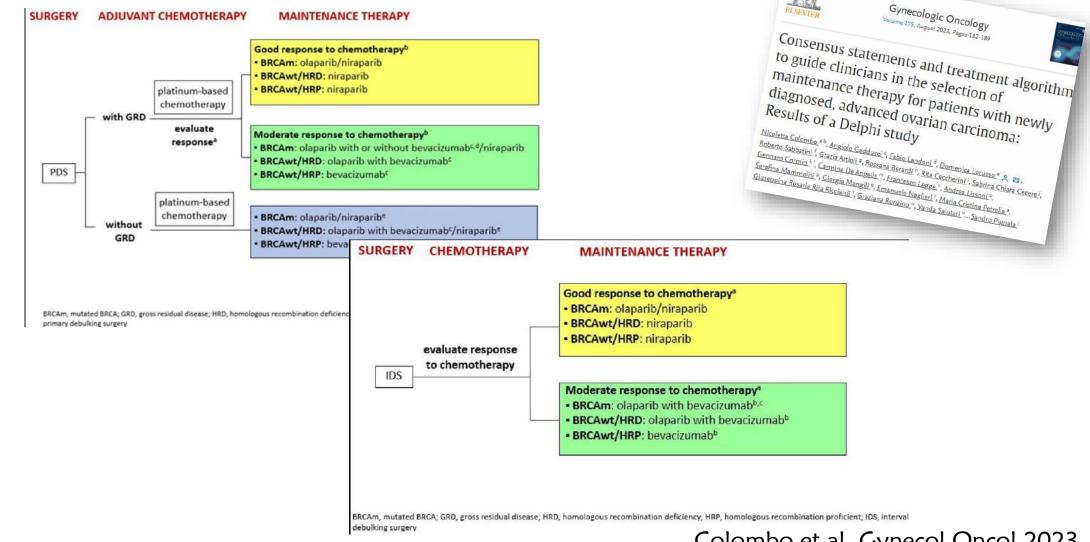
(A) Individual scores assigned to t evaluation	the parameters consid	lered for response
RECIST	KELIM	
1 = Partial response 2 = Complete response	1.77	EUM <1 EUM ≥1
Interpretation of total scores Total score	Response definition	
	Moderate Good he parameters considered for response	
<2 ≥2 (B) Individual scores assigned to t evaluation	Good	
≥2 (B) Individual scores assigned to t	Good	
≥2 (B) Individual scores assigned to the evaluation Pathology 1 = Partial ^a 3 = Near-complete/Complete ^b	Good he parameters consid	lered for response
≥2 (B) Individual scores assigned to t evaluation Pathology 1 = Partial ^a	Good he parameters consid KELIM 0 = KELIM <1	Surgical outcome 0 = Residual tumor 1 = No residual tumor





Italian guidelines



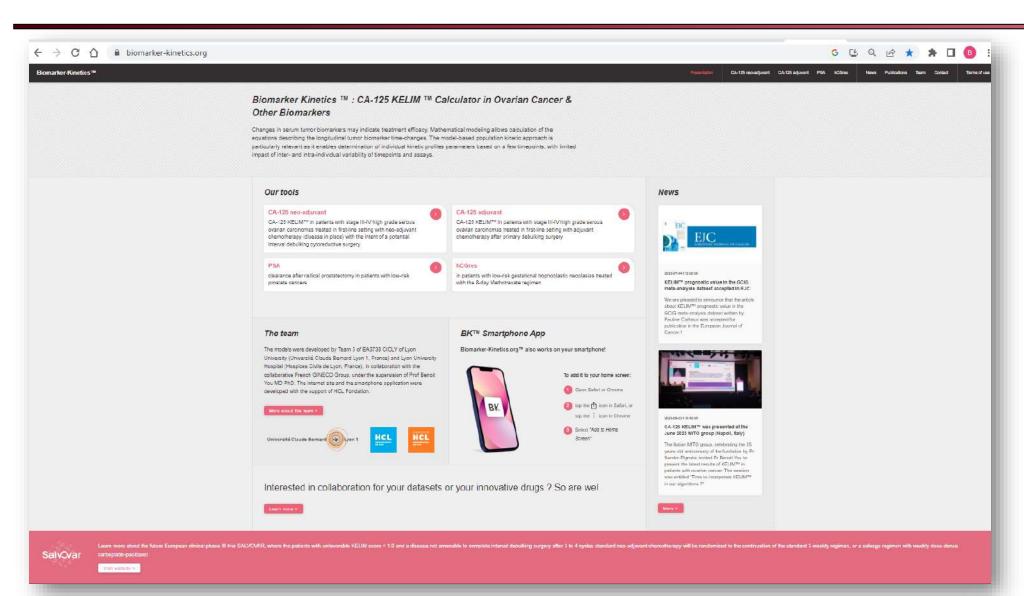


Colombo et al. Gynecol Oncol 2023 39/49



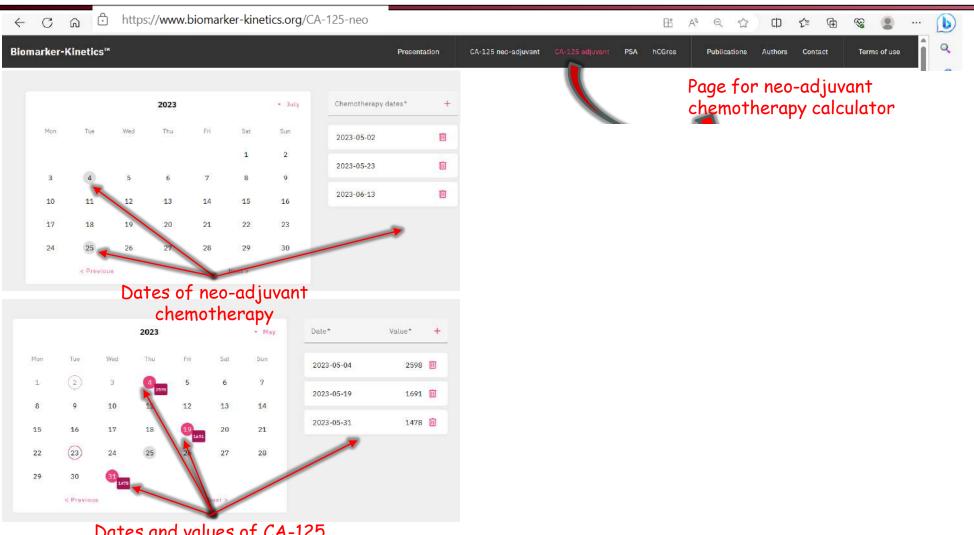








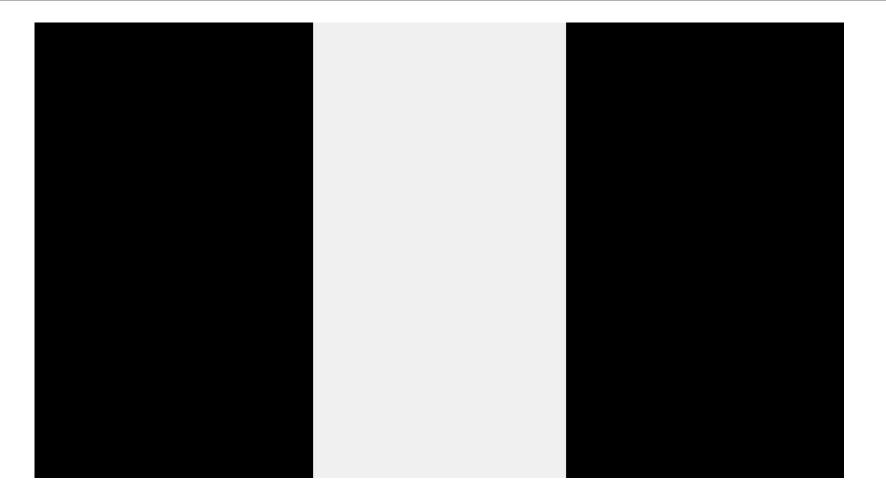




Dates and values of CA-125

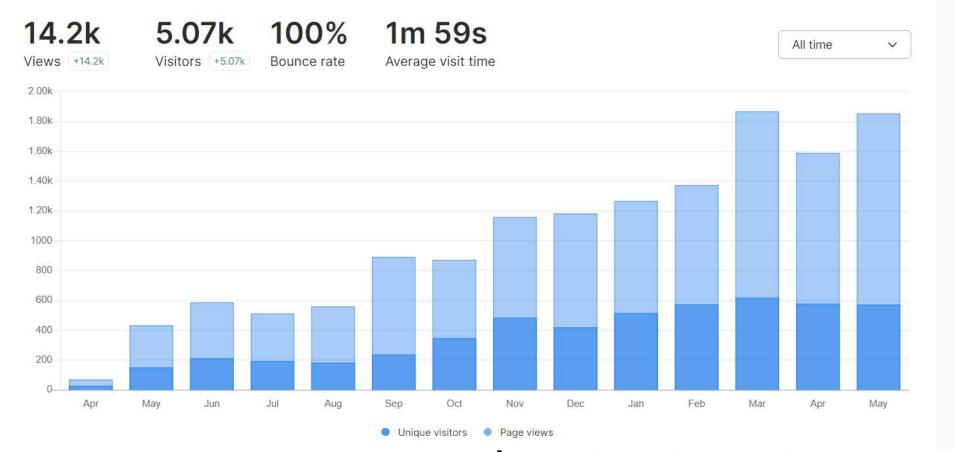












~ 1,800 connections / month in the world









Many ongoing studies about KELIM in the world:

- Japan
- India
- South America
- USA
- Europe ...



The GCIG KELIM international working group







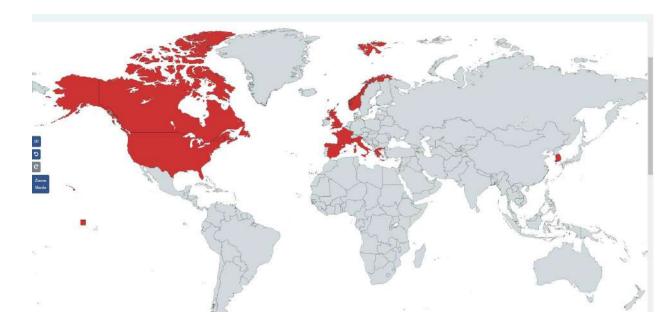




Objective: To accompany the development of KELIMTM

Members of the group

- <u>Canada</u>: Stephanie Lheureux and Stephen Welch
- France: Laurence Gladieff, Gwenael Ferron, and Fabrice Lecuru
- <u>Greece</u>: John Syrios
- Italy: Sabrina Cecere
- Korea : Adrian Kim
- Norway: Kristina Lindemann
- Spain: J. Alejandro Pérez-Fidalgo
- <u>UK</u>: Andrew Clamp and Ros Glasspool
- <u>USA</u>: Bradley Monk and Elizabeth Swisher





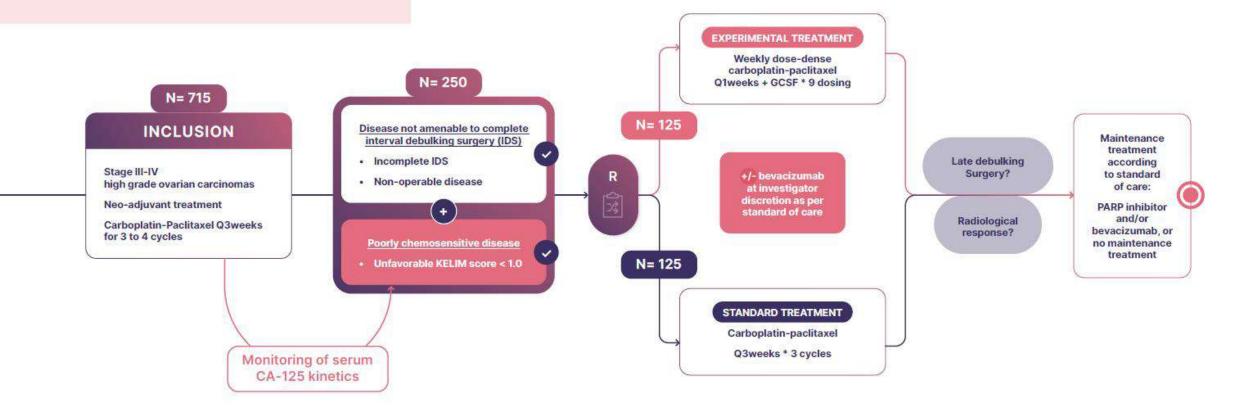






Design







Co-primary endpoints

- Benefit in overall survival with HR = 0.61 (mOS from 20.0 to 32.8 months)
- Increase in the feasibility of late complete debulking surgery (from 5% to 20%)

Secondary endpoints

- · Safety
- · Radiological response rate
- Rate of patients benefiting from PARPi and/or bevacizumab as maintenance treatment

Stratification

- Recruiting country
- KELIM strate (very unfavorable < 0.7 vs moderately unfavorable 0.7-1.0)
- · Likelihood for a future delayed surgery: definitively not amenable, vs potentially amenable

https://www.salvovar.eu/



Conclusion: Time to incorporate KELIM in our algorithm?



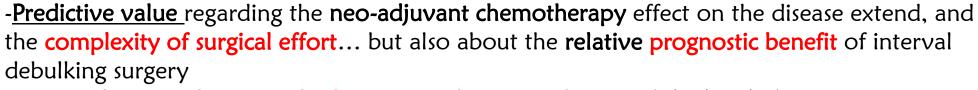




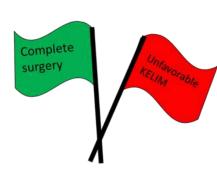
KELIMTM = numeric tool able to reveal "one" characteristics of the patient tumor

- -Pragmatic indicator of the tumor primary chemosensitivity
- -Prognostic value for PFS, OS and long disease-free, complementary to surgery outcome
 - \Rightarrow 2 independent flags ...

♥Weekly dose-dense chemotherapy in patients with 2 red flags?



- -Better selection of patients for bevacizumab among those with high-risk disease?
- -Complementary to BRCA-HRD status regarding the benefit from PARPi
 - -BRCA mutation (or event HRD) with unfavorable KELIM < 1.0
 - ⇒ Caution!
 - HRP status: selection between bevacizumab or niraparib?





Conclusion: Time to incorporate KELIM in our algorithm?



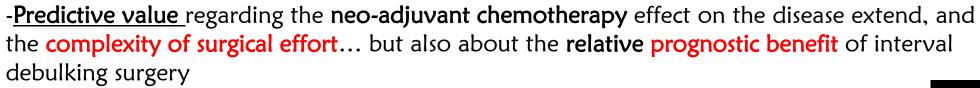




KELIMTM = numeric tool able to reveal "one" characteristics of the patient tumor

- -Pragmatic indicator of the tumor primary chemosensitivity
- -Prognostic value for PFS, OS and long disease-free, complementary to surgery outcome
 - \Rightarrow 2 independent flags ...

♥Weekly dose-dense chemotherapy in patients with 2 red flags?



- -Better selection of patients for bevacizumab among those with high-risk disease?
- -Complementary to BRCA-HRD status regarding the benefit from PARPi
 - -BRCA mutation (or event HRD) with unfavorable KELIM < 1.0
 - ⇒ Caution!
 - HRP status: selection between bevacizumab or niraparib?

